

## An effective synthesis of functionalized tetrahydro-4-oxoindeno[2,1-*b*]pyrroles

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**Abstract:** A one-pot synthesis of dialkyl 1,3a,4,8b-tetrahydro-3a,8b-dihydroxy-1-alkyl-4-oxoindeno[1,2-*b*]pyrrole-2,3-dicarboxylates *via* three-component reaction between indane-1,2,3-trione (ninhydrin), primary amines and dialkyl acetylenedicarboxylates is described.

**Keywords:** Fused pyrroles; Three-component reaction; Benzylamine; Activated acetylenes.

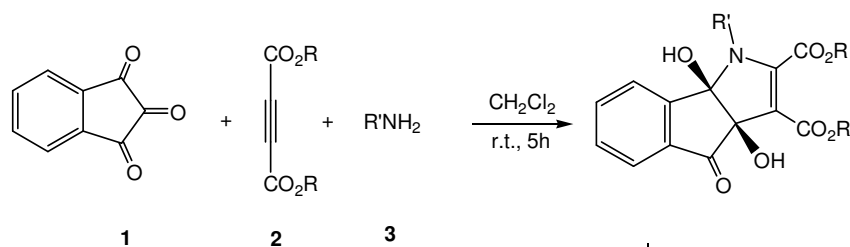
### Introduction

Five-membered, nitrogen-containing heterocycles are important building blocks in an extensive number of biologically active compounds [1]. Among them, pyrroles are heterocycles of great importance because of their presence in numerous natural products like heme, chlorophyll, vitamin B<sub>12</sub>, and various cytochrome enzymes [2]. Some of the recently isolated pyrrole-containing marine natural products have been found to exhibit considerable cytotoxicity and function as multidrug resistant reversal agents [3]. Many of these biologically active compounds have emerged as chemotherapeutic agents. In addition, polysubstituted pyrroles are molecular frameworks having immense importance in material science [4]. They have been also employed as antioxidants, antibacterial,

ionotropic, antitumor, anti-inflammatory, and antifungal agents [5-10]. Moreover, they are a highly versatile class of intermediates in the synthesis of natural products as well as in heterocyclic chemistry [11].

### Results and Discussion

As part of our current studies on the development of new routes in heterocyclic synthesis,[12-14] we report an efficient procedure for direct synthesis of dihydroxy-tetrahydroindeno [2,1-*b*] pyrrole -2,3-dicarboxylates (**4**) from the reaction of ninhydrin (**1**), acetylenic esters **2** and primary amines (**3**) at room temperature (Scheme 1).



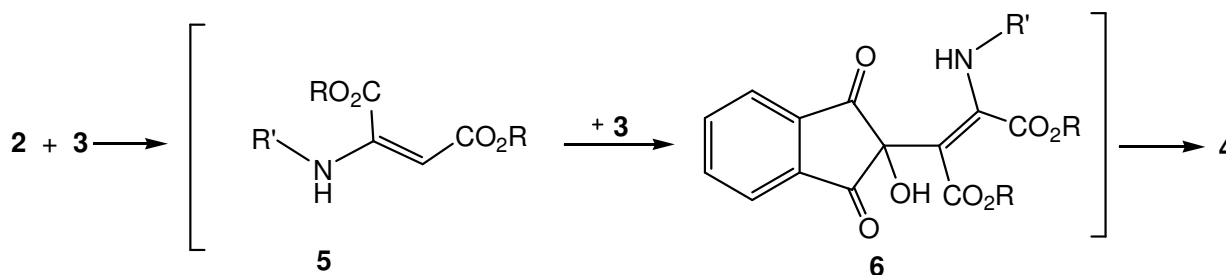
**Scheme 1**

<b>4</b>	R	R'	Yield/ %
<b>a</b>	Me	Bn	85
<b>b</b>	Me	4-Me-Bn	87
<b>c</b>	Me	4-MeO-Bn	90
<b>d</b>	Me	2-Cl-Bn	75
<b>e</b>	Et	Bn	84

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Structures of compounds **4a-e** were assigned by IR,  $^1\text{H}$  NMR,  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR and mass spectral data. The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of **4a** exhibited four singlets for methoxy (3.55 and 3.78 ppm) and hydroxy (4.99 and 5.41 ppm) protons. Due to the presence of stereogenic centers in these products, the protons of  $\text{CH}_2$  group are diastereotopic, and exhibit AB systems. The carbonyl groups resonances in the  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of **4a** appear at 162.1, 164.1 and 197.1 ppm. The mass

spectrum of **4a** displayed the molecular ion peak at  $m/z = 409$ . Although the mechanistic details of the reaction are not known, a plausible rationalization may be advanced to explain the product formation (Scheme 2). Presumably, the zwitterionic intermediate **5** formed from the reaction of **3** with activated acetylenes is attacked by ninhydrin to produce **6**. Intermediate **6** can undergo cyclization under the reaction conditions employed to produce **4**.



In conclusion, we have described a convenient route to functionalized tetrahydroindeno[2,1-*b*]pyrroles from a three-component reactions of ninhydrin, acetylenic esters and primary alkylamines. The advantage of the present procedure is that the reaction is performed by simple mixing of the starting materials.

## Experimental

**General.** Compounds **1**, **2** and **3** were obtained from Merck and used without further purification. M.p.: *Electrothermal 9100* apparatus; uncorrected. IR Spectra: *Shimadzu IR-460* spectrometer; in  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ .  $^1\text{H}$ - and  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR spectra: *Bruker DRX-500 AVANCE* instrument, in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  at 500.1 and 125.7 MHz, resp.;  $\delta$  in ppm,  $J$  in Hz. MS: *Finnigan-MAT-8430* mass spectrometer, at 70 eV; in  $m/z$ . Elemental analyses (C, H, N): *Heraeus CHN-O-Rapid* analyzer.

### General Procedure for the Preparation of Compounds **4**.

To a stirred solution of (**3a**, 2 mmol) and (**2a**, 2 mmol) in 5 mL of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , was added a solution of ninhydrin (0.32 g, 2 mmol) in 5 mL of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  at room temperature. After completion of the reaction (1-3 h) as indicated by TLC (hexane/AcOEt 8:1), the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to leave a residue that

was purified by column chromatography ( $\text{SiO}_2$ ; hexane/AcOEt 8:1) to afford pure desired products.

*Dimethyl 1-benzyl-3a,8b-dihydroxy-4-oxo-1,3a,4,8b-tetrahydroindeno[1,2-*b*]pyrrole-2,3-dicarboxylate (4a).* Yield: 0.62g (85%). Colorless crystals. M.p. 126-128°C. IR (KBr): 3445 (br.), 1742, 1712, 1686, 1569, 1468, 1218, 1180.  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR: 3.55 (3H, s, MeO); 3.78 (3H, s, MeO); 4.90 (1H, d,  $^2J$  15.7 Hz, CH); 4.99 (1H, s, OH); 5.07 (1H, d,  $^2J$  15.7 Hz, CH); 5.42 (1H, s, OH); 7.33 (2 H, d,  $^3J$  7.3 Hz, 2 CH); 7.38-7.42 (5 H, m, 5 CH); 7.76 (1H, t,  $^3J$  7.5 Hz, CH); 7.99 (1H, d,  $^3J$  8.1 Hz, CH).  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR: 46.8 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{-N}$ ); 51.2 (MeO); 52.7 (MeO); 83.7 (C); 95.4(C); 124.5 (CH); 124.7 (CH); 127.8 (CH); 128.1 (2 CH); 128.5 (2 CH); 130.6 (CH); 135.2 (C); 136.1 (CH); 136.5 (2 C); 147.4 (C); 151.1 (C); 162.2 (C=O); 164.2 (C=O); 197.1 (C=O). EI-MS: 409 (10), 346 (50), 300 (80), 105(100), 76 (30). Anal. Calcd (%) for  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_7$  (409.39): C, 64.55; H, 4.68; N, 3.42. Found: C, 64.32; H, 4.51; N, 3.32.

*Dimethyl 3a,8b-dihydroxy-1-(4-methylbenzyl)-4-oxo-1,3a, 4,8b-tetrahydroindeno [1,2-*b*]pyrrole-2,3-dicarboxylate (4b).* Yield: 0.66 g (87%). White powder. M.P. 123-125°C. IR (KBr): 3450 (br.), 1742, 1713, 1665, 1573, 1466, 1205, 1179.  $^1\text{H}$ - NMR: 2.32 (3H, s, Me); 3.46 (3H, s, MeO); 3.67 (3H, s, MeO); 4.70 (1H, d,  $^2J$  15.0 Hz, CH); 4.90(1H, s,  $^2J=15.0$  Hz,

CH); 4.99 (1H, s, OH); 5.29 (1H, s, OH); 7.05 (2H, d,  $^3J$  7.8 Hz, 2 CH); 7.13 (2H, d,  $^3J$  7.8 Hz, 2 CH); 7.55 (1H, t,  $^3J$  7.5 Hz, CH); 7.67 (1H, t,  $^3J$  7.5 Hz, CH); 8.36 (2H, d,  $^3J$  8.0 Hz, 2 CH).  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR: 21.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>); 46.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>-N); 51.2 (MeO); 52.7 (MeO); 83.7 (C); 95.2 (C); 124.4 (CH); 124.7 (CH); 128.0 (2 CH); 129.2 (2CH); 130.7 (CH); 131.8 (C); 133.4 (C); 135.2 (C); 136.1 (CH); 137.7 (C); 147.4 (C); 151.1 (C); 162.1 (C=O); 164.1 (C=O); 197.0 (C=O). EI-MS: 423 (15), 318 (65), 287 (54), 105 (100), 90 (84), 76 (42). Anal. Calcd (%) for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO<sub>7</sub> (423.42): C, 65.24; H, 5.00; N, 3.31. Found: C, 65.12; H, 4.87; N, 3.24.

*Dimethyl 3a,8b-dihydroxy-1-(4-methoxybenzyl)-4-oxo-1,3a,4,8b-tetrahydroindeno[1,2-b]pyrrole-2,3-dicarboxylate (4c)*. Yield: 0.66g (78%). Yellow powder. M.p. 127-129°C. IR (KBr): 3445 (br.), 1742, 1712, 1662, 1569, 1468, 1240, 1180.  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR: 3.47 (3 H, s, MeO); 3.66 (3H, s, MeO); 3.77 (3H, s, MeO); 4.67 (1H, d,  $^2J$  15.5 Hz, CH); 4.87 (1H, d,  $^2J$  15.5 Hz, CH); 4.92 (1H, s, OH); 5.41 (1H, s, OH); 7.05 (2H, d,  $^3J$  8.3 Hz, 2 CH); 7.12 (2H, d,  $^3J$  8.3 Hz, 2 CH); 7.55 (1H, t,  $^3J$  7.4 Hz, CH); 7.67 (1H, t,  $^3J$  7.7 Hz, CH); 8.36 (2H, d,  $^3J$  8.0 Hz, 2 CH).  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR: 46.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>-N); 51.2 (MeO); 52.7 (MeO); 55.3 (MeO); 83.7 (C); 95.3 (C); 114.0 (2CH); 124.5 (CH); 124.7 (CH); 128.4 (C); 129.5 (2CH); 130.6 (CH); 135.2 (2C); 136.2 (CH); 147.4 (C); 151.1 (C); 159.4 (C); 162.2 (C=O); 164.2 (C=O); 197.1 (C=O). Anal. Calcd (%) for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO<sub>8</sub> (439.42): C, 62.87; H, 4.82; N, 3.19. Found: C, 62.74; H, 4.76; N, 3.08.

*Dimethyl 1-(2-chlorobenzyl)-3a,8b-dihydroxy-4-oxo-1,3a,4,8b-tetrahydroindeno[1,2-b]pyrrole-2,3-dicarboxylate (4d)*. Yield: 0.66 g (82%). White powder. M.p. 130-132°C. IR (KBr): 3430 (br.); 1725; 1720; 1687; 1545; 1432; 1254; 1100.  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR: 3.55 (3H, s, MeO); 3.71 (3H, s, MeO); 4.54 (1H, s, OH); 4.68 (1H, s, OH); 4.84 (1H, d,  $^2J$  15.6 Hz, CH); 4.97 (1H, d,  $^2J$  15.6 Hz, CH); 7.07 (1H, d,  $^3J$  8.3 Hz, CH); 7.18 (1H, t,  $^3J$  8.3 Hz, CH); 7.24 (1H, t,  $^3J$  7.5 Hz, CH); 7.36 (1H, d,  $^3J$  7.5 Hz, CH); 7.52-7.56 (2H, m, 2 CH); 7.62 (1H, t,  $^3J$  7.8 Hz, CH); 7.87 (1H, d,  $^3J$  7.5 Hz, CH).  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR: 44.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>-N); 51.4 (MeO); 52.9 (MeO); 83.6 (C); 95.4 (C); 124.4 (CH); 124.7 (CH); 126.8 (CH); 128.9 (CH); 129.0 (CH); 129.4 (CH); 129.7 (C); 130.7 (CH); 132.6 (C); 134.2 (C); 135.1 (C); 136.2 (CH); 147.3 (C); 151.1 (C); 161.8 (C=O); 164.1 (C=O); 196.9 (C=O). Anal. Calcd (%) for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>18</sub>ClNO<sub>7</sub> (443.84): C, 59.54; H, 4.09; N, 3.16. Found: C, 59.45; H, 4.00; N, 3.10.

*Diethyl 1-benzyl-3a,8b-dihydroxy-4-oxo-1,3a,4,8b-tetrahydroindeno[1,2-b]pyrrole-2,3-dicarboxylate (4e)*. Yield: 0.64 g (80%). White powder. M.p. 128-130°C. IR (KBr): 3435 (br.), 1749, 1714, 1666, 1559, 1474, 1195, 1159.  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR: 0.98 (3H, t,  $^3J$  7.2 Hz, Me); 1.23 (3H, t,  $^3J$  7.3 Hz, Me); 3.85-3.89 (2H, m, (CH<sub>2</sub>-O)); 4.16-4.19 (2H, m, (CH<sub>2</sub>-O)); 4.32 (1H, s, OH); 4.59 (1H, s, OH); 4.76 (1H, d,  $^2J$  15.8 Hz, CH); 4.93 (1H, d,  $^2J$  15.8, CH); 7.19-7.28 (5H, m, 5 CH); 7.55 (2H, t,  $^3J$  7.8 Hz, 2 CH); 7.65 (1H, t,  $^3J$  7.5 Hz, CH); 7.89 (1H, d,  $^3J$  8.0 Hz, CH).  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR: 13.4 (Me); 14.3 (Me); 46.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>-N); 60.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>-O); 62.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>-O); 83.7 (C); 95.0 (C); 124.4 (CH); 124.8 (CH); 127.8 (CH); 127.9 (2CH); 128.5 (2CH); 130.6 (CH); 131.5 (C); 135.3 (C); 136.0 (CH); 136.7 (C); 147.5 (C); 150.8 (C); 161.7 (C=O); 163.7 (C=O); 196.9 (C=O). Anal. Calcd (%) for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>23</sub>NO<sub>7</sub> (437.45): C, 65.90; H, 5.30; N, 3.20. Found: C, 65.78; H, 5.23; N, 3.14.

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