# conformational properties and the anomeric effect study of phosphinanes

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Abstract -Ab initio HF/6-31G\* Methode was employed to calculate the bond length in 2- phosphinanes when electronegative groups was at C-2 tend axial and equatorial positions. The magnitude of the anomeric effect depends on the nature of the substituent, the effect of the substituent can be seen by comparing the bond length in 2-chloro and 2-boromo substituented phosphinanes. The effect of anomeric effect have been effected on the bond length in 2- phosphinanes.

Keywords: anomeric effect; 2- phosphinane; bond length; axial and equatorial position; Ab initio calculations

## Introduction

The discussion about the origin of the anomeric effect is very old [1,6]. An important feature of the stereochemistry of tetrahydropyrans and other reduced oxygen and sulphur heterocycles is that electronegative groups at C-2 tend to preferentially occupy an axial position even thought this sterically more hindered. The X-ray crystal structures of several heterocycles of these types bearing 2-halo substituents have been determined and those axial halogen groups have bonds that shortened [7].

Several structural factors have been considered as possible causes of the anomeric effect. In localized valence bond terminology, it can be recognized that there will be a dipole-dipole repulsion between the polar bonds at the anomeric carbon in the equatorial conformation. This dipole-dipole interaction is reduced in the axial conformation.

From the molecular orbital viewpoint, the anomeric effect is described as resulting from an interaction between the lone-pair electrons on the hetero atom and the \* orbital associated with the bond to the electronegative C-2 substituent [8]. when the C-X bond is axial, an interaction between an occupied lone-pair electrons and the anti bonding \* orbital of the C-X bond combination is possible. This permits delocalization of the lone-pair electrons and would be expected to shorten and strengthen the C-O bond while lengthening and weakening the C-X bond.

Due to the biological interest associated with the six membered cyclic phosphates, phosphorinane and phosphinanes systems have become an important structural moiety [9,11]. One aspect of 2- phosphinanes chemistry is determination of anomeric effect, we reported a detailed Ab intio study on the bond-length in axial and equatorial conformers and reported the effect of anomeric effect on them.

# **Computational details**

Ab initio Hartree-Fock calculations were carried out using GASSIAN 98 program with the standard 6-31G\* basis set [12].

## **Results and Discussion**

2-phophinanes can exist in tow chair conformations in which the electronegative group on 2-phophinanes is either axial (1A) and equatorial (1E) (Fig. 1).

Fig. 1. X in axial and equatorial position

The bond length of the 2-phophinanes (Fig. 2) are calculated and determined (Table 1).

Fig. 2. 2-Phosphinanes with an electronegative group in 2-phophinanes

Table 1. Bond length and dipole moment of 2-Phosphinanes

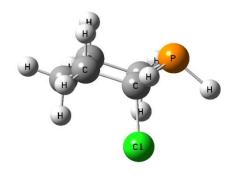
Name	rC-P A <sup>0</sup>	rC-X A <sup>0</sup>	Dipole moment
AB	1.860	1.9868	1.72
EB	1.861	1.970	3.43
AC	1.865	1.817	1.75
EC	1.866	1.804	3.47
AF	1.384	1.861	1.19
EF	1.393	1.872	3.34
AN	1.883	1.458	1.327
EN	1.870	1.460	2.627

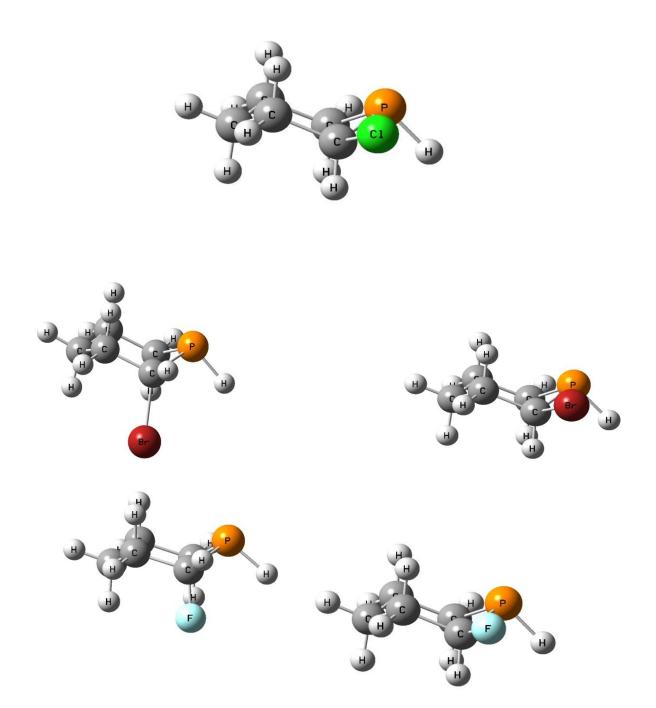
The difference of energy between axial and equatorial conformers in 2-Phosphinanes are studied (Table2).

Table 2. G"dgvyggp"czkcn"cpf"gswcvqtkcn"eqphqtogtu

Name group	E (Kc <sup>-1</sup> à l mol
Br	0.542167776
Cl	0.153112196
F	0.134286926
NH <sub>2</sub>	0.067331716

The HF/6-31G\* optimized structures of 2-Phosphinane conformers are existed (Fig.3).





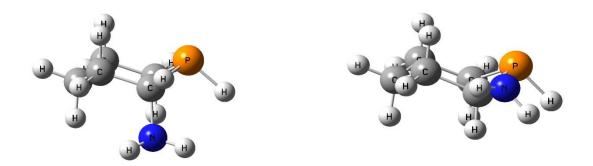


Fig. 3. HF/6-31G\* optimized pictures of 2-Phosphinane conformers

The C-P bond length in the phophinanes with X group in axial position are shorter than those with X group in equatorial position.

The dipole moment in phophinanes with X group in axial position are shorter than those with X group in equatorial position.

The G"kp"rjqurjkpcpgu" y gtg"gzrnckpgf"vjcv"rjqurjkpcpgu" y kvj"jki j "gngevtqpgicvkxkv{"itqwru"kp" axial position are more stable.

The results are determined that in 2-phophinanes with X group in axial position, the transfer of electron density from the lone pair to the \* orbital, the introduction of some -bonding character to the C-P bond, That is strengthened, and weakening of the C-X bond.

## **Conclusion**

Thus the anomeric effect in 2-phophinanes is existed and the electronegative groups in axial position act as electrons acceptors, But the anomeric effect in tetrahydro-2H-pyranes and tetrahydro-2H- thiopyranes is much stronger because is existed a spatial interaction between phosphour and X group in axial position.

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